

Claims

- 1 1. A thermogravimetric analyzer comprising:
 - 2 a flexural plate wave mass sensor comprising a sample-holding region;
 - 3 a flexural plate wave reference sensor;
 - 4 a heat spreader configured to conduct heat substantially evenly to the mass sensor and the
 - 5 reference sensor;
 - 6 a heater in thermal communication with the heat spreader;
 - 7 an analysis module, in electrical communication with the mass sensor and the reference
 - 8 sensor, for determining, based on outputs of the mass sensor and the reference sensor, a change
 - 9 in mass of a sample in the sample-holding region caused by action of the heater.
- 1 2. The thermogravimetric analyzer of claim 1 wherein the heater is a variable-output,
 - 2 controllable heater.
- 1 3. The thermogravimetric analyzer of claim 2 further comprising:
 - 2 a control module in electrical communication with the heater for varying the heat output
 - 3 of the heater in accordance with an analytical protocol.
- 1 4. The thermogravimetric analyzer of claim 3 wherein the control module causes the heater to
 - 2 heat the sample in accordance with a pre-determined time-temperature pattern.
- 1 5. The thermogravimetric analyzer of claim 1 further comprising:
 - 2 a temperature sensor in thermal communication with the mass sensor; and

3 a temperature sensor in thermal communication with the reference sensor, the analysis
4 module analyzing the determined change in mass in relation to the outputs of the temperature
5 sensors.

1 6. The thermogravimetric analyzer of claim 1 further comprising a plurality of flexural plate
2 wave mass sensors arranged in an array.

1 7. The thermogravimetric analyzer of claim 6 further comprising a plurality of flexural plate
2 wave reference sensors, each flexural plate wave sensor corresponding to and outputting a
3 reference signal for one of the arrayed plurality flexural plate wave mass sensors.

1 8. A method of conducting thermogravimetric analysis comprising: ✓
2 providing a flexural plate wave mass sensor configured to output a mass signal;
3 depositing a sample in the mass sensor;
4 providing a flexural plate wave reference sensor configured to output a reference signal;
5 evenly heating the mass sensor and the reference sensor; and
6 determining a change in mass of the sample in response to the heating based on the mass
7 signal and the reference signal.

1 9. The method of claim 8 further comprising:
2 measuring a mass output from the mass sensor;
3 measuring a reference output from the reference sensor; and
4 subtracting the reference output from the mass output.

1 10. The method of claim 8 further comprising monitoring the temperatures of the mass sensor
2 and the reference sensor as the sample is heated.

1 11. The method of claim 10 further comprising determining a heat-mass response
2 characterization of a sample based on the determined mass changes in relation to the monitored
3 temperatures.

1 12. The method of claim 10 further comprising determining a heat-mass-time response
2 characterization of a sample based on the determined mass changes, the monitored temperatures,
3 and the time at which the sample was maintained at the monitored temperatures.

1 13. The method of claim 8 wherein the heating is controlled in accordance with an analysis
2 protocol.

1 14. The method of claim 8 wherein the heating is controlled in accordance with a pre-
2 determined time-temperature pattern.